

Tonawanda Community Air Quality Study Update: An Evaluation of Eight Years of Post-Study Air Toxics Results

Tonawanda Community Presentation Division of Air Resources December 6, 2016





Grand Island Boulevard Industrial Site Monitor (GIBI)

Current Parameters Measured and Sampling Schedule

- Carbonyls (aldehydes) and air toxics (TO -15 volatile organic compounds) on a one and six day schedule.
- PM_{2.5} on a continuous hourly basis.
- Monitoring Station start date July 2007.



Brookside Terrace Residential Site Monitor (BTRS)

Current Parameters Measured and Sampling Schedule

- Carbonyls (aldehydes) and air toxics (TO -15 volatile organic compounds) on a one and six day schedule.
- PM_{2.5} on a continuous hourly basis.
- Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂) on a continuous hourly basis.
- Monitoring Station start date July 2007.



Air Toxics Monitoring Data Update

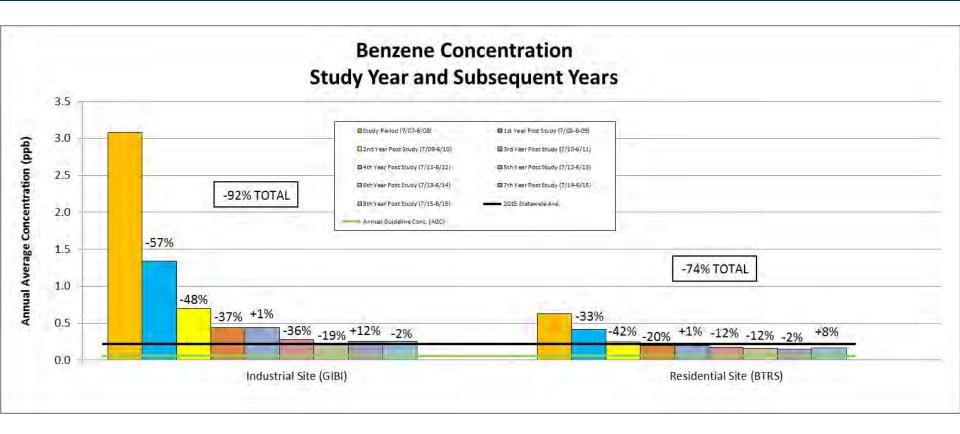
Volatile Organic Compounds

- Benzene
- Acrolein
- •1,3 Butadiene

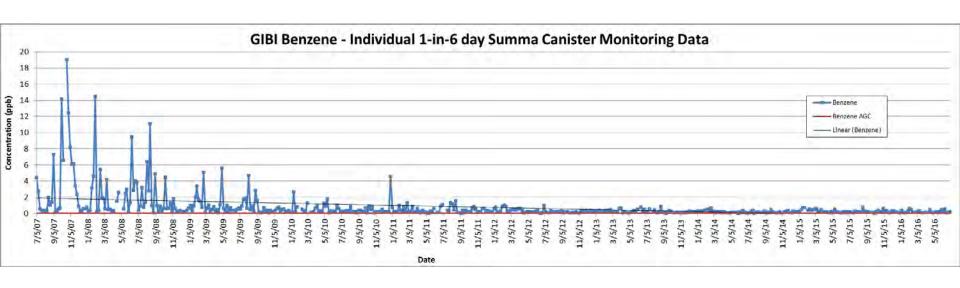
Carbonyls

- Formaldehyde
- Acetaldehyde

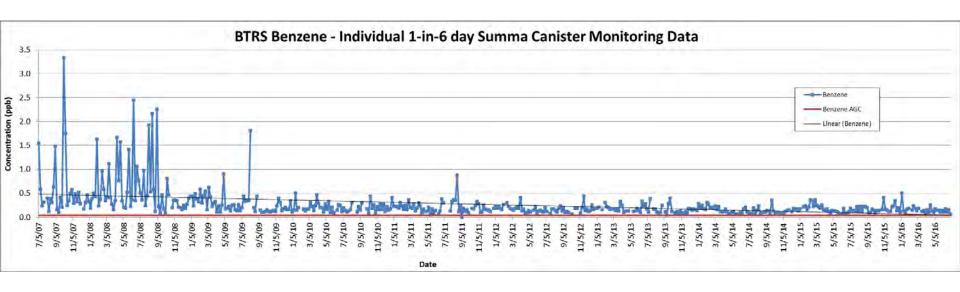




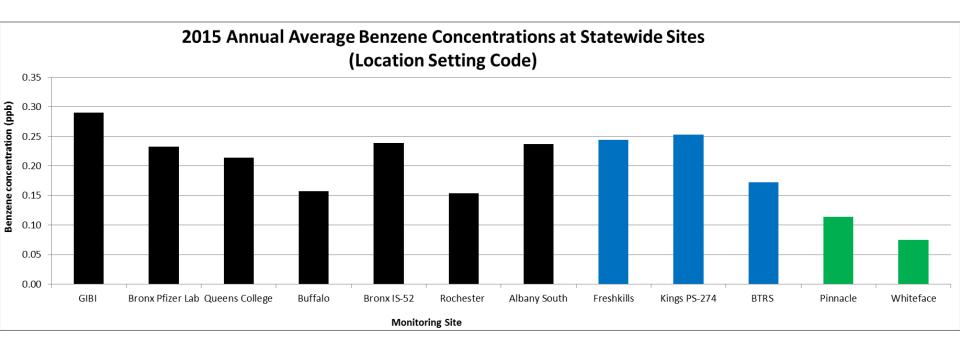




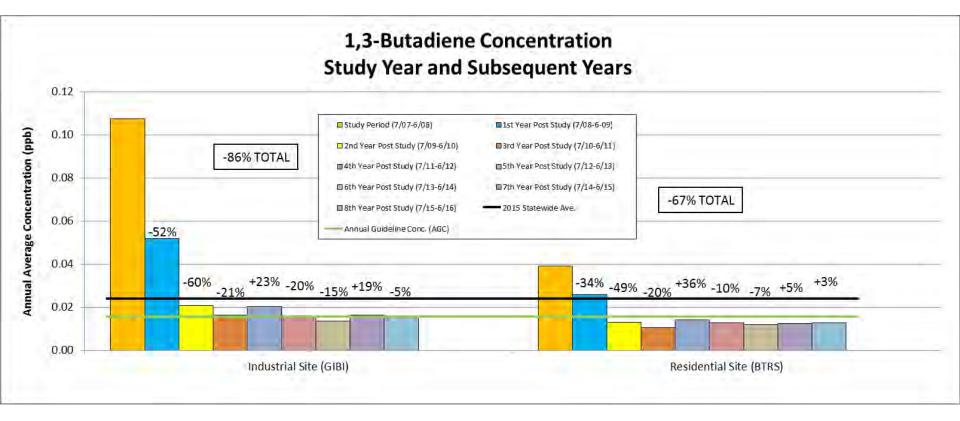




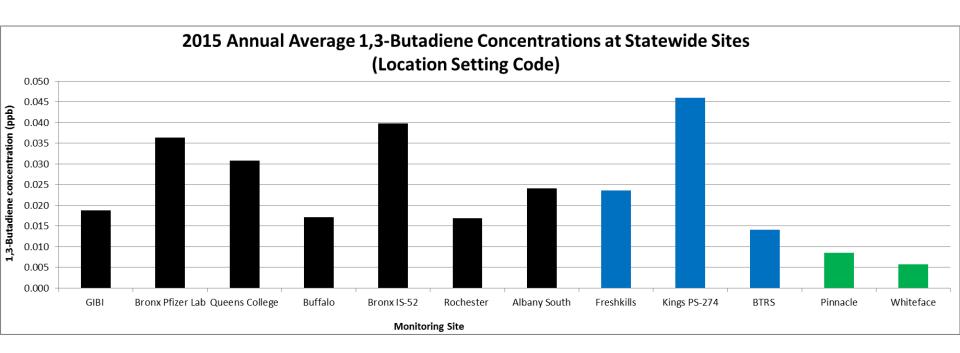




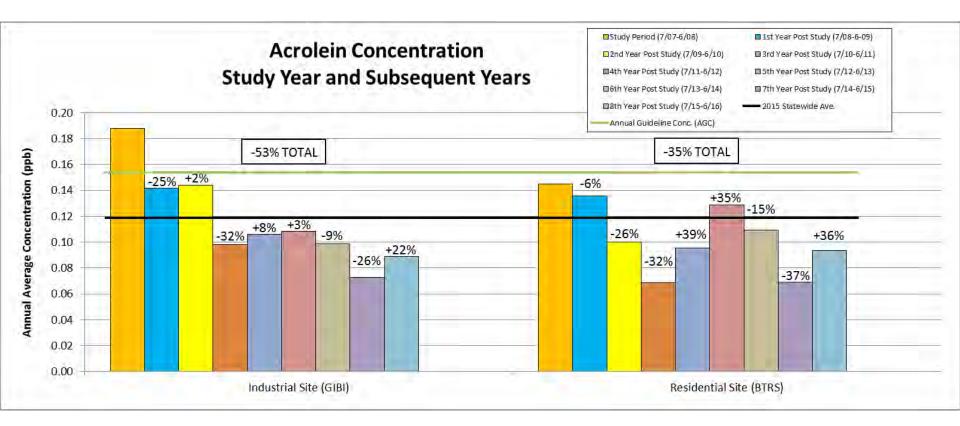




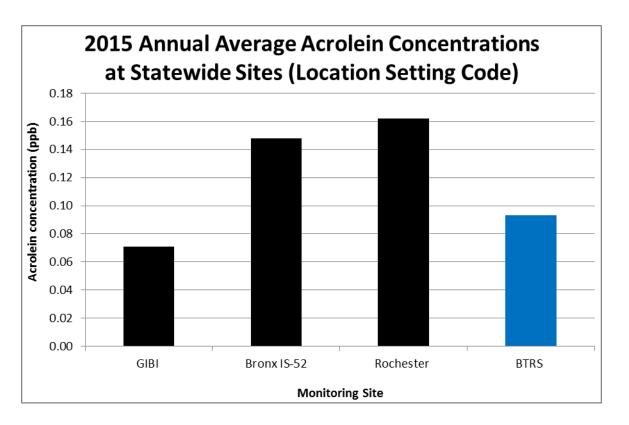




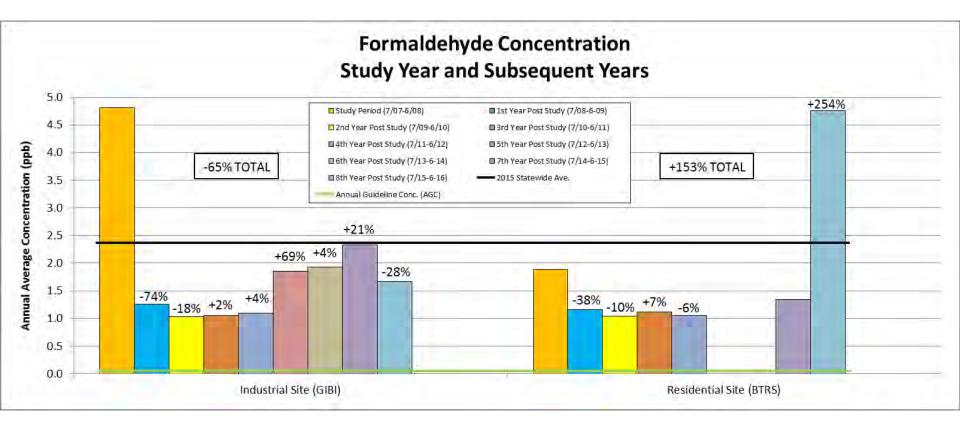




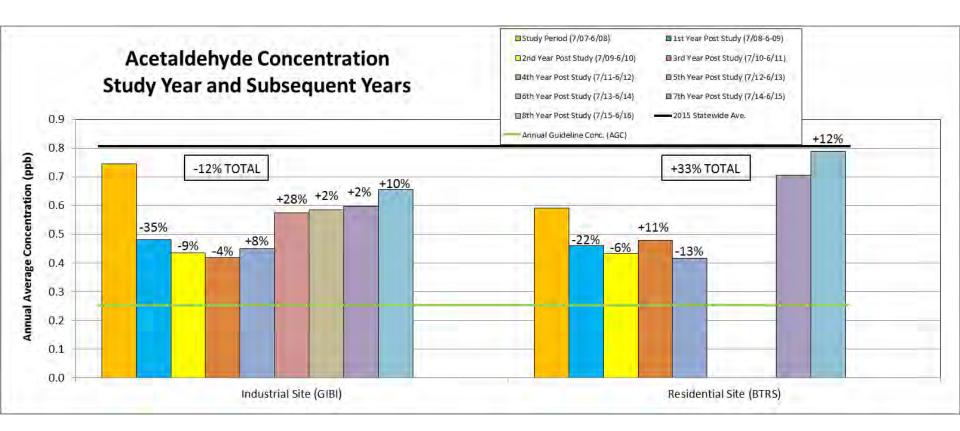




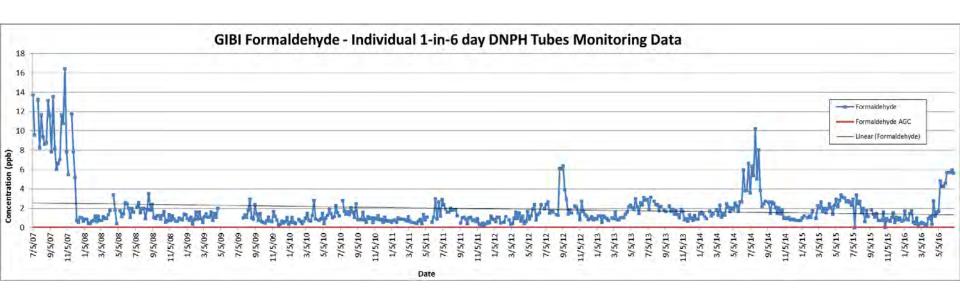




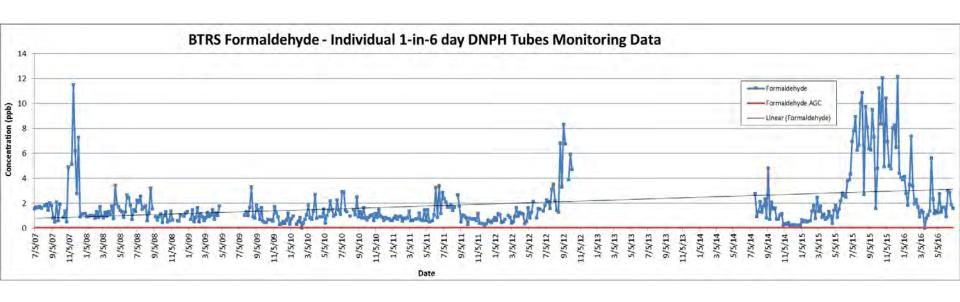














Formaldehyde Sources in Tonawanda

Point Sources

- Indeck Yerkes Energy Services
- NRG Huntley Electric Generating
- Tonawanda Coke
- Industrial Boilers
 - 3M Tonawanda
 - FMC Corp.
 - Goodyear Dunlop Tires

Area Sources

Residential Space Heating – natural gas combustion

Mobile Sources

Cars and on and off road diesel truck/equipment exhaust

Other - Secondary Atmospheric Formation/Biogenic Emissions



2013 View BTRS

2016 View BTRS



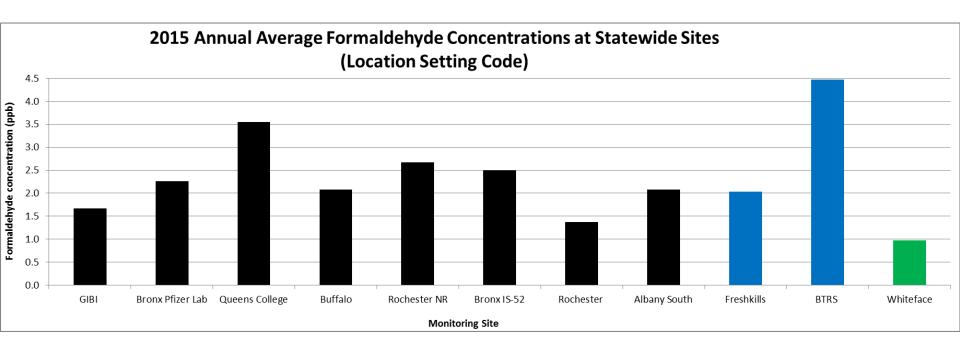




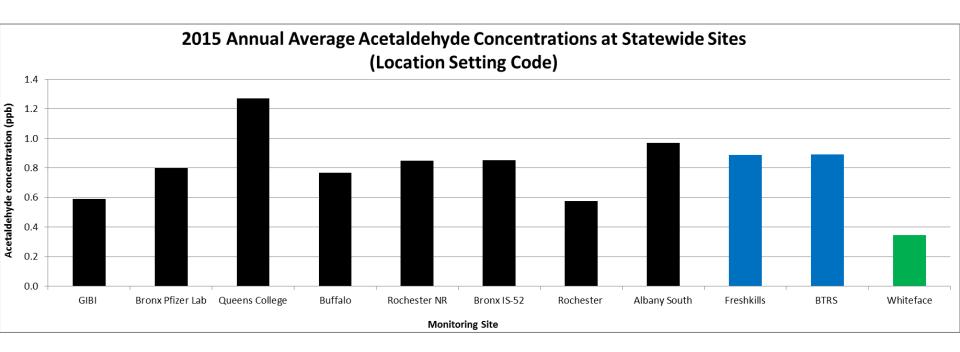


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Conclusions

- Large emission reductions from Tonawanda Coke are evident in the benzene and 1,3 – butadiene data at GIBI and BTRS monitoring locations.
- Increase in carbonyl data at BTRS location is the result of near-by heavy duty diesel construction equipment and diesel truck activity.
- Carbonyl concentrations should decrease with the cessation of construction in the area.



Thank You

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Lab Test Results from HDD Engine Testing

Table 2: Carbonyl Emissions (mg/bhp-hr)

Carbonyl	LSD		Equilon-ULSD				Tosco-ULSD		
	EO	DOC	EO	DOC	CRT	EGRT	DOC	CRT	EGRT
Formaldehyde	34.37	9.34	74.73	9.83	0.02	0.00	7.27	0.30	0.19
Acetaldehyde	15.05	5.08	14.08	5.43	1.78	1.63	7.28	1.61	2.15
Acrolein	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Propionaldehyde	3.58	0.00	3.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crotonaldehyde	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Butyraldehyde	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Benzaldehyde	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Isovaleraldehyde	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Valeraldehyde	2.22	0.00	1.84	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
o-Tolualdehyde	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
m-Tolualdehyde & p-Tolualdehyde	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hexanaldehyde	0.00	0.00	2.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00
2,5-dimethylbenzaldehyde	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Source: Tang et. al (2007) Unregulated Emissions from a Heavy-Duty Diesel Engine with Various Fuels and Emission Control Systems. Environmental Science

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